February 6, 2020

Honourable Doug Downey Ministry of the Attorney General 720 Bay Street, 11th Floor Toronto, ON M7A 2S9 Honourable Ernie Hardeman Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs 77 Grenville St., 11th Floor Toronto, ON M5S 1B3

Dear Ministers,

Re: Bill 156, Security from Trespass and Protecting Food Safety Act, 2019

We the undersigned Canadian law professors and constitutional and criminal law experts write to express our concerns with Bill 156, *Security from Trespass and Protecting Food Safety Act, 2019* ("Bill 156"). Aspects of the Bill would infringe individuals' rights to freedom of expression and peaceful assembly, and therefore violate the *Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms* ("Charter").

Bill 156 increases fines for trespassing on agricultural property. In an effort to muzzle employee whistleblowers, it also makes it an offence to gain access to a farm under "false pretenses". Owners of farm property are given significant powers to arrest individuals on their property. The Bill also restricts individuals' ability to peacefully gather on public property near trucks transporting animals to slaughter.

In the United States, courts have struck down laws similar to section 4(6) of Bill 156 on the basis that laws restricting or prohibiting whistleblowing activities on farms violate the First Amendment right to free speech. These laws are commonly known as "agricultural gag (ag-gag) laws". For instance, the US District Court in Utah found misrepresentations made to gain access to an agricultural facility can be protected under the First Amendment and a law prohibiting access to such facilities under "false pretenses" was overly broad and therefore unconstitutional. In December 2019, the US District Court in Iowa granted a preliminary injunction enjoining the state from enforcing its most recent ag-gag law in light of the public interest in allowing people and organizations to exercise First Amendment rights and educate the public about important animal welfare and food safety issues.²

Until November 2019, there were no ag-gag laws in Canada. Alarmingly, Alberta recently passed such a law after hurrying it through the legislative process in just 10 days. Now, Ontario is proposing to follow suit with Bill 156.

Fundamentally, section 2(b) of the *Charter* is aimed at promoting and safeguarding the open debate and discussion essential to a free and democratic society.³ The right to freedom of

¹ Animal Legal Defense Fund et al. v Herbert et al. 263 F. Supp. 3d 1193, 1196-98 (D. Utah 2017) (Case No. 2:13-cv-00679-RJS).

² Animal Legal Defense Fund et al. v Kimberly Reynolds et al. (Case 4:19-cv-00124-JEG-HCA).

³ Irwin Toy Ltd. v. Québec (Attorney General), [1989] 1 SCR 927 at 976.

expression includes expression that gives the public, including consumers, access to information that would enable them to make informed food purchasing choices.⁴

Whistleblowers have long played a vital role in exposing animal cruelty, unsafe working conditions, and environmental problems on industrial farming operations. Such exposés are in the public interest, promoting an open dialogue about animal use practices and food safety. Aggag laws can also adversely affect industry by eroding public confidence in the food system.⁵

It is in the public interest for employees to expose unlawful and unethical activity, even when doing so requires not revealing their full intentions to their employer. Therefore, dishonest, and even offensive, speech in these circumstances is protected by the American First Amendment. It is similarly protected under section 2(b) of the *Charter*.

As with many US ag-gag laws, section 4(6) of Bill 156 appears to target investigative journalists and protected speech, and has no connection to the stated goal of protecting property and biosecurity. It would insulate private actors from being held publicly accountable. Section 5(2) would unreasonably curtail rights to protest on public property. In an open democratic society, streets and other public places are an important place for public discussion and political expression.⁶ Protecting rights to protest on public property is critically important to safeguard freedom of expression, and its corollary, the right to listen.

Whistleblowers play a major role in shaping public opinion and policies around agricultural practices. If Bill 156 is passed as-drafted, it would effectively cut off an important source of public information and a driver of policy change. It would silence journalists and those who advocate for animal protection by exposing the abuse of animals at agricultural facilities and violate their *Charter* rights to freedom of expression. We urge the Government of Ontario to amend Bill 156 and respect the basic constitutional rights of its citizens.

Yours truly, Richard Moon Professor University of Windsor Faculty of Law

Peter Sankoff Professor & Associate Dean, Faculty Development University of Alberta Faculty of Law

A. Wayne MacKay, CM, QC Professor Emeritus of Law Dalhousie University Schulich School of Law Cheryl Milne Executive Director

David Asper Centre for Constitutional Rights University of Toronto Faculty of Law

Don Stuart Emeritus Professor Queen's University Faculty of Law

Jodi Lazare Assistant Professor

Dalhousie University Schulich School of Law

⁴ RJR-MacDonald Inc. v Canada (Attorney General), [1995] 3 SCR 199.

⁵ See, e.g., "Awareness of ag-gag laws erodes trust in farmers and increases support for animal welfare regulations", J.A. Robbins, B. Franks, D.M. Weary, M.A.G. von Keyserlingk, Food Policy 61 (2016) 121-125.

⁶ Greater Vancouver Transportation Authority v. Canadian Federation of Students — British Columbia Component, [2009] 2 SCR 295 at paras 42-47, 77; Montréal (City) v. 2952-1366 Québec Inc., [2005] 3 SCR 141 at paras 61, 67; Committee for the Commonwealth of Canada v. Canada, [1991] 1 SCR 139 at 150.

Angela Fernandez Yasmin Dawood

Associate Professor Canada Research Chair in Democracy,
University of Toronto Constitutionalism, and Electoral Law

Faculty of Law & Department of History Associate Professor of Law & Political Science

University of Toronto Faculty of Law

Emmett Macfarlane Jessica Eisen Associate Professor & Associate Chair Graduate Studies Assistant Professor

University of Waterloo Department of Political Science University of Alberta Faculty of Law

Richard Devlin, FRSC Constance MacIntosh

Professor Viscount Bennett Professor of Law

Dalhousie University Schulich School of Law Dalhousie University Schulich School of Law

Sarah Berger Richardson Adelina Iftene Assistant Professor Assistant Professor

University of Ottawa Faculty of Law, Civil Law Section Dalhousie University Schulich School of Law

Lucie Guibault Jonathan Shapiro Associate Professor & Associate Dean Graduate Studies Senior Instructor

Dalhousie University Schulich School of Law Dalhousie University Schulich School of Law

Lynda Collins Daphne Gilbert

Professor & Vice Dean Governance

Centre for Environmental Law & Global Sustainability University of Ottawa Faculty of Law

University of Ottawa Faculty of Law

Common Law Section

Common Law Section

Steve Coughlan Nicole O'Byrne Professor Associate Professor

Dalhousie University Schulich School of Law University of New Brunswick Faculty of Law

James H. Silver Janet Austin
Silver Pennypacker Barristers Associate Professor

Certified Criminal Law Specialist

University of New Brunswick Faculty of Law

Kerri Froc Alexandra Pester

Assistant Professor Associate

University of New Brunswick Faculty of Law Silver Pennypacker Barristers

Gary J. Grill Maneesha Deckha

Grill Barristers Professor

Adjunct Professor Lansdowne Chair in Law York University Osgoode Hall Law School Director of Graduate Studies

Certified Criminal Law Specialist

University of Victoria Faculty of Law

Patrick Macklem Katie Sykes

Professor & William C. Graham Professor of Law Associate Professor

University of Toronto Faculty of Law Thompson Rivers University Faculty of Law

Stepan Wood Professor

Canada Research Chair in Law, Society, and

Sustainability

Director, Centre for Law and the Environment

University of British Columbia Peter A. Allard School of Law

Sophie Thériault Laura Bowman Professor & Vice-Dean, Academics Barrister & Solicitor

University of Ottawa Faculty of Law, Civil Law Section Ecojustice

Heather McLeod-Kilmurray Associate Professor

Centre for Environmental Law & Global Sustainability

University of Ottawa Faculty of Law

Common Law Section

Naiomi W. Metallic Chancellor's Chair in Aboriginal Law and Policy **Assistant Professor**

Dalhousie University Schulich School of Law

Amir Attaran Professor

Canada Research Chair in Law, Population Health and Global Development Policy University of Ottawa Faculty of Law

Academic Director, Anti-Discrimination

Vice-President Membership, Canadian Law and

York University Osgoode Hall Law School

Common Law Section

Leo Salloum Associate **Grill Barristers**

Bruce B. Ryder Associate Professor

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Audrey Macklin Director, Centre for Criminology and Sociolegal Studies Barrister & Solicitor Professor & Chair in Human Rights Law

University of Toronto Faculty of Law

Ariel Katz Associate Professor University of Toronto Faculty of Law

Lisa Austin Professor, Chair in Law and Technology University of Toronto Faculty of Law

James L. Turk Director, Centre for Free Expression Ryerson University Faculty of Communications and Design Lesli Bisgould Adjunct Professor

University of Toronto Faculty of Law

Martha Shaffer Professor

University of Toronto Faculty of Law

Amar Khodav Associate Professor

University of Manitoba Faculty of Law